

**DILKS TO BE BURIED TO-DAY****THRILLING CAREER OF THE OLD POLICE INSPECTOR.**

His Splendid Services in the Days of the Dead Rabbit and Draft Riots—Gen. Miles Will Come From Washington to Attend the Funeral Services.

The funeral of former Police Inspector George Wright Dilks who died on Thursday will take place this afternoon from the Church of the Ascension, Gen. Miles the Commander-in-Chief of the Army, for years a close friend of the late Inspector will be among those who will attend. A special platoon of uniformed men from the Police Department will act as a guard of honor from the house of the late Inspector at 34 West Ninth street to the church.

George Wright Dilks was a member of the New York police force for forty-nine years. He was the first man to be appointed Inspector after the new law creating inspectors went into effect. Originally appointed on the old Municipal force, he was made a captain for bravery during the Dead Rabbit riots. When the old Municipal force was superseded by the Metropolitan force, Dilks went into the new department. The late Superintendent Walling entered the new department at the same time. The New York policemen who stuck to the old Municipal force and who tried to have themselves recognized by the courts, remained on duty, claiming that they were the only legal force. The many rows that followed between the rival police forces brought Dilks prominently before the public as the champion of the good citizen and this record he bore until his retirement from the force in 1888. He and Walling were in the midst of the fray at the City Hall when the two police forces clashed.

He remained on duty continuously for six days and six nights during the famous Draft riots and in the fiercest of the fights he was found battling against the rioters, whom he routed on many occasions. In the Draft riots and the rioting at the old La Forge Hotel in Broadway for the purpose of burning the place because it was a negro employment there. He was injured while trying to disperse the mob, and it was rumored that he had been killed. But he bobbed up in time to do duty in another part of the city on the same day and was again at the head of his men, driving back the rioters.

On the morning of Monday, July 13, 1893, Inspector Dilks was sent with a few policemen to the army enrolling office at 67 Third avenue where the provost-marshal in charge expected trouble. About 10 o'clock in the morning the trouble came. Inspector Dilks was notified that Superintendent of Police Kennedy had been attacked by a mob while alone on a tour of inspection at Forty-sixth street and Lexington avenue. Kennedy was disabled and the committee of the police deposed upon the President of the Board, Thomas A. Police, however, remained at Police Headquarters and directed the operations of the force. Dilks followed by using the telegraph, while Dilks continued to do service on the streets. The entire police force had been assembled at the station house in accordance with orders sent out by Dilks. The mob had only the police to contend with and made a break for the East Twenty-second street where the torch was applied and the station house burned. Inspector Dilks hurried there with a dozen men, and engaged in a fierce battle. For three days he was kept busy stamping out the sparks of insurrection in various sections of the city.

When the rioters swooped down on the colored orphan asylum which occupied the Fifth avenue block between Forty-third and Forty-fourth streets, Inspector Dilks led the squad of police through Forty-fourth street, fighting inch by inch, in an effort to protect the children of the asylum. He had only a handful of men, the mob numbered more than a thousand, and succeeded in getting into the asylum and setting the building on fire. Then Dilks rushed like a man to the rescue, and carried the children through a rear door to a place of safety. The children were all saved but the building was burned to the ground.

The mob went up to kill the police. The mob had increased in numbers and 5,000 rioters started downtown to attack Police Headquarters in Mulberry street. President of the Police Board was informed by Dilks of the mob's intention. He detailed Inspector Carpenter with 200 policemen to be in wait for the mob. Carpenter, who at that time was a sergeant, moved his column down Bleeker street to Broadway, at the same time sending a detachment up the nearest parallel streets east and west, to strike the flanks of the infuriated mob bearing down upon him. At the proper moment Inspector Dilks, with another squad, appeared and when the police got through with the mob the streets about Police Headquarters looked like a battlefield. That night the Mayor called his troops and on the two following days bayonets and bullets were substituted for policemen's clubs.

In the Orange riots Inspector Dilks was prominent in preserving the peace. All through his career he had the reputation of being the friend of the poor and dispossessed. He was as honest as the day is long and when he left the Police Department he was not a wealthy man, nor did he die wealthy. Mr. Dilks was 85 years old. He was born in New Brunswick, N. J., and was a descendant of Admiral Dilkes of the British Navy who died in 1827.

**DEER BUTTS DOWN TWO OLD MEN**

It Was Kept in the Grounds of the Krueger Home in Newark.

A captive deer which was kept at the Krueger Home for Old Men in Clinton township, near Newark, went wild on Friday and butted over two old and feeble men who attempted to tie it up. Sup. Benkert took a hand in the fight then and knocked the deer out with a club. The two old inmates were got out of harm's way and the deer, which was tame, turned toward the apparently unconscious animal, it sprang up with blood in its eyes and chased him into the building. It stayed on guard at the door until he got his gun and shot it dead.

It was the first day of the open season for deer hunting in New Jersey and there is a suspicion that the deer had an inkling of the fact and started man hunting.

**JOHN WHITE AND THE RHYMER.**

He Says He Owns the Horse and Therefore Couldn't Steal Him.

Having now have discussed with some interest recently the verdict reached on Wednesday in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn by which John White, the negro race-track man, was acquitted on a charge of stealing the Rhymers, a likely three-year-old condition. He was accused by T. F. Monahan of stealing the Rhymers from the stable. White, however, proved to the satisfaction of the jury that he had owned the horse and therefore couldn't steal him. Monahan has the horse now, but White says he will have the Rhymers back again soon.

**Hartland Paper Company Fails.**

BUFFALO, Oct. 26.—Because its liabilities amount to more than \$125,000 and its assets are worth only about \$100,000, the Hartland Paper Company, of Buffalo, Niagara county, has initiated voluntary liquidation proceedings, and Justice Kenyon of the supreme court has appointed George Edwards, of Lockport, temporary receiver of the concern. The failure of the Hartland Paper Company is said to be due to the fact that two weeks ago of A. C. Crawford & Co., of South Westmoreland, Mass., paper manufacturers. The Hartland company had \$100,000 worth of the Crawford company's paper and was directly liable to the same firm for about \$100,000.

**RAISED TAXES AND RAN AWAY.**

Man Who Apparently Did No Wrong Disappears From McKeesport.

McKEESPORT, Pa., Oct. 26.—William H. Smith, delinquent tax collector of McKeesport, has disappeared after City Controller Richard A. Hitchens announced at the meeting of the Finance Committee of City Councils that Smith had been raising the assessments of citizens who, in the opinion of the collector, were not assessed properly on their occupations and personal tax. Mr. Hitchens himself was one of the victims. As City Controller he gets \$1,800. He is also a member of the law firm of Hitchens & Stutz. He was rated on the tax list as a clerk at \$200 salary a year. Smith changed his rating to that of an attorney at \$400, and thus doubled his occupation tax.

Hundreds of other citizens have been treated in a similar manner. Thus far the only act Smith seems to have been guilty of has been insisting on persons paying the taxes they should pay. In spite of the personal pull they may have exercised upon the city assessors, the changes have been made in the tax duplicate for the city school district.

Smith's son, Duane P. Smith, is Secretary of the Board of School Controllers, with the authority of the board. He employed his father to copy the duplicate from the books of the assessors. The father made the changes without the knowledge of the son. The son promptly announced that he had made the changes, believing that he had a right to do so. The school board exonerated the son from any intentional wrongdoing. Yesterday the father left the city. To-day his son received a letter from him in which he said that none of his friends would ever see him again. He enclosed several checks in favor of the City Treasurer for money he had collected since his last settlement, and also expressed his regret that he had been forced to leave his home and his family in such a manner. His accounts with the city and school district are correct to a cent, but thousands of citizens say they have overpaid their taxes in sums varying from 25 cents to \$1 or \$2. In his letter to his son Smith says:

"Mind, you poor boy, to think that you took the blame of what was wholly mine and others. I was led to believe from what the assessors said, that it would not make much difference, and while they did not tell me to do it, it was my impression that I could do as I pleased in the matter."

Smith's son still insists that he is responsible for his father's actions, and he is responsible for any wrong done by his father. The older Smith is well-to-do, the family being among the largest property holders in the city. He is estimated to be worth at least \$100,000. The son has offered to refund every cent of overpaid taxes if it is shown they were unjustly paid or that his father benefited by their collection.

**MODEL CITY AT ST. LOUIS FAIR.**

A Suggestion of Municipal Art Society of New York Is to Be Adopted.

The Municipal Art Society of New York has been informed by President D. H. Francis that the St. Louis Exposition will adopt its suggestion relating to a municipal exhibit and congress. A chief of this new department will soon be selected, and the committee appointed by a recent federated conference of the twenty-seven national and local civic organizations, will soon be called to St. Louis to assist in planning this unique scheme. The committee consists of John D. W. Warner, Charles C. Haight, Charles R. Lamb, and William S. Crandall, Secretary. Talking of the plan Mr. Crandall said yesterday:

"While some of the various questions relating to the municipality have been presented in a limited way at the last two Paris expositions, and while there have been international exhibitions that have made the subject of the city the chief object of their existence, there has never been an attempt made to present the modern city with its coordinated functions of civic administration. By the installation of this plan the St. Louis Exposition will not only place the cities of the world in a direct, but will also make an important contribution to itself which will make St. Louis the Mecca of city officials, civic students and others interested in municipal affairs during 1904."

**ITALIAN ROBBED OF \$280.**

Fellow Countryman, Once a Brigand, It Is Said, Charged With Hold Up.

Savino Ionto of 317 East 114th street is locked up in Police Headquarters charged with holding up Joseph Benedetto and robbing him of \$280, all of his savings. The people of Little Italy say that Ionto was a brigand in Italy. Benedetto had planned to go back to Italy with \$280 that he had saved. He told Ionto about it and went with Ionto to 72 East 112th street at the request of Ionto who represented that he wished to send a present to his wife by Benedetto. Benedetto says that Ionto and two companions held him up in a dark hallway and robbed him of the \$280, which he carried in a leather pouch in his trousers. He says Ionto threatened to kill him if he told. When Ionto, who was arrested on Friday, was released, a big knife was found on him and also a five-dollar bill stained with blue ink spots. Benedetto says that he had a five-dollar bill in his waist pocket when he was held up. Magistrate Pool in police court yesterday remanded Ionto to the custody of Capt. Titus in order to give the detectives a chance to find out more about him.

**PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS.**

Eighteen Committees to Be Named—Open Sessions Probable.

CITY OF MEXICO, Oct. 26.—The Committee on Committees of the Pan-American Conference appointed yesterday met this morning and unanimously agreed to report in favor of the appointment of eighteen committees, giving each delegation a chairmanship. The Mexican delegation considers the remaining rules, and there was considerable discussion as to holding open or closed sessions. The delegates of Peru and Chile favor open sessions. A proposition to meet with open doors with some executive sessions is finding strong support.

Tonight Foreign Minister Mariel gave an elaborate reception to the delegates.

**In Aid of Temple Israel Sisterhood's Building Fund.**

There is to be given at the Waldorf-Astoria on Nov. 25 an entertainment and ball in aid of the building fund of the Temple Israel Sisterhood. The entertainment will include a musical programme and non-profit by Miss Beatrice Horwood. The committee in charge is made up of Mrs. Maurice H. Harris, chairman, Mrs. David Goodman, Mrs. Samuel P. Hays, Mrs. Joseph Proske, Mrs. Harry C. Nathan, Mrs. August Goldsmith and Mrs. David Rutsky.

**Light Cases of Smallpox in Newport.**

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 26.—Newport has eight cases of smallpox and the situation amounts to almost a scare. Four additional cases developed to-day and the victims were taken to the pest house. The building was under the proper care of the health authorities and the authorities have called for insurance carpenters to build an addition upon the structure.

**Philadelphia Traction Employees Meet on a Board of Arbitration.**

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—Officers of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Men, which has recently been organizing the employees of the Union Traction Company, and who say that they have enrolled 60 per cent. of the traction employees, to-day sent a letter to President John B. Parsons, threatening that they would order the men to strike unless he complied with their request for the appointment of a Board of Arbitration to determine the questions at issue between the men and the company. Their desire is to have the right to purchase uniforms where they please and to have a ten-hour workday at 29 cents an hour. There is a rival association organized by the men themselves, independent of any labor society. The Amalgamated men threaten to proceed to extreme measures if it was said to-day that unless their demands are acceded to they will order the men to strike Monday. The other organization is opposed to a strike. Mr. Parsons paid no attention to the letter.

**STEPS TO CLEAR MOLINEUX.**

MOTION NEXT WEDNESDAY TO DISMISS MURDER INDICTMENT.

Barnet Letters, Excluded by Court of Appeals, Used as Standards Before Grand Jury—No Offer of Bail to Be Made While This Motion Is Pending.

Wednesday in the General Sessions for the dismissal of the indictment charging him with the murder of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams. His grounds are that outside of the Barnet testimony before the Grand Jury the other evidence was insufficient and that the Court of Appeals has ruled the Barnet evidence to be illegal.

Notice of the motion was served yesterday upon District Attorney Philbin by Weeks & Battle, Molineux's lawyers, and it provides that in case the motion to dismiss is denied another motion to be made. Molineux's lawyers have never seen the minutes of the Grand Jury. They made application in July 1899, but it was denied.

The motion is not likely to be argued next Wednesday. Mr. Philbin said yesterday that he would ask for an adjournment because he had just received the opinion of the Court of Appeals and wanted to read it. When the argument is made he will be represented by Assistant District Attorney Osborne who prosecuted Molineux and Molineux will be represented by ex-Gov. Black. In the District Attorney's office the opinion yesterday was that the indictment is almost sure to go by the board. No application to get Molineux out on bail will be made while these proceedings are pending.

Molineux's lawyers in their papers quote Judge Wren's opinion that it "was error to receive or to use as standards of comparison the Barnet letters. They were inadmissible because (1) they constitute a part of the Barnet evidence, some of which was competent or relevant to the issue under the indictment herein; (2) being neither competent nor relevant to the issue they could not be received solely as standards of comparison because they were obviously prejudicial to the defendant."

In an accompanying affidavit D. N. Carvallo says that while in the Grand Jury room he saw there all the Barnet exhibits. The Barnet letters, he said, were treated as standards of comparison and were integral and essential part of the case presented to the Grand Jury. Expert Kinsley came out of the Grand Jury room and told Carvallo, "I didn't see any of the exhibits, they only asked me if I had seen the defendant write and then asked me to identify the Barnet and Cornish letters as being in the handwriting of the defendant."

In his affidavit Mr. Weeks calls the attention of the Court to the fact that Emma Miller was not called before the Grand Jury. She testified on the trial that she sold the bottle holder, which was a part of the contents of the poison package, and that she was not the defendant and who did not look like him. Mr. Weeks also points out that Justice Williams dismissed the March indictment on the ground of the admission of the Barnet letters.

"It would be manifestly unfair," says Mr. Weeks, "to compel Molineux and his father to go to the great expense of another trial upon evidence which has been held to be illegal." He adds the seemingly contradictory statements that "the District Attorney can get another indictment upon testimony held to be legal by the Court of Appeals" and that he believes that "a Grand Jury would dismiss the complaint were only legal and competent evidence submitted."

**DEFIED A TELEPHONE GANG.**

Mrs. Waller Prevents the Company From Erecting a Pole.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 26.—Mrs. Mary A. Waller of Fifth street and Boyd avenue this afternoon effectively prevented the Dauphin County Telephone Company from putting up a pole on her property. She had stopped the company from digging a hole earlier in the day, but said that the men might plant the pole on the lower end of the lot. The company took the women at her word and dug the hole. Then Mrs. Waller changed her mind. She remonstrated, but finding words of no avail, she slid into the hole and it took four men to get her out.

Mrs. Waller seemed rather glad to be out of the hole, but she refused to let the men go on with their work. She drew a board across the opening and sat down by sitting upon it. She sat there for a long time before her friends could persuade her to return to her home.

**Ballantyne—Cannon.**

Charlotte Mabel Cannon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Graham Cannon, was married yesterday afternoon to Henry Francis Ballantyne, at the country home of her parents at Scarsdale, Westchester county. The Rev. Dr. Abbott E. Kittredge of the Madison Avenue Reformed Church, performed the ceremony which was witnessed only by relatives and immediate friends. Miss Lucy Williams was maid of honor and Miss William Wing was best man. The bridegroom was the Misses Adele Carstensen, Alice Williams, Ella Mahony, Ruby Moller. The bridesmaids were Misses J. Ballantyne and William C. White, William Dana Street and Maurice B. Thayer. A special train took the guests from this city to and from the reception which followed the ceremony.

**Asser—Wotherspoon.**

Miss Leila Wotherspoon, daughter of the late James Wotherspoon and Lieut.-Col. Joseph J. Asser of the British Army, were married yesterday afternoon in Grace Church church. The Rev. Dr. William S. Hainford, rector of St. George's Church, performed the ceremony and the bride was given away by her mother. There were no bridesmaids or ushers. The bridegroom wore a Cuckoo's Nest suit and the bride a white gown. After the church ceremony the bride's mother, Mrs. Wotherspoon, gave a reception at the Park Avenue Hotel. Col. Asser served through the evening and the Rev. Lord Kitchener as a member of his staff.

**Hackensack's New Hospital Building Open.**

HACKENSACK, N. J., Oct. 26.—The new building of the Hackensack Hospital on the Heights was thrown open to public inspection to-day and hundreds of citizens visited it. The building can accommodate sixty patients and is complete in all its appointments with an especially fine operating room paid for by the late E. E. Poor, Dr. Janeway, Sidney, McDonald, Payne, Sayre, Corning and Wetmore of New York were among the guests. The building cost about \$20,000 and it was furnished almost entirely by individuals and societies.

**Torpedo Boat Chases Launched.**

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 25.—The torpedo boat chase, named for Commodore Isaac Chace, which was built for the United States Government by Neale and Levy Co., was launched at noon to-day. Mrs. Isaac Chace Stevens Todd, great-granddaughter of Commodore Chace, was sponsor. The chase is a motor ship of the Rainbridge, launched some time ago, and the Harry now being built.

**CAR STRIKE THREATENED.**

Philadelphia Traction Employees Meet on a Board of Arbitration.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—Officers of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Men, which has recently been organizing the employees of the Union Traction Company, and who say that they have enrolled 60 per cent. of the traction employees, to-day sent a letter to President John B. Parsons, threatening that they would order the men to strike unless he complied with their request for the appointment of a Board of Arbitration to determine the questions at issue between the men and the company. Their desire is to have the right to purchase uniforms where they please and to have a ten-hour workday at 29 cents an hour. There is a rival association organized by the men themselves, independent of any labor society. The Amalgamated men threaten to proceed to extreme measures if it was said to-day that unless their demands are acceded to they will order the men to strike Monday. The other organization is opposed to a strike. Mr. Parsons paid no attention to the letter.

**STRUCK FOR A FIGHTING MAN.**

New Orleans Street Car Line Tied Up for a Few Hours.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 26.—The conductors, motormen and other employees of the Carrollton Railroad Company, which operates about one-third of the street cars in New Orleans, struck to-day to compel the company to reinstate a motorman who had been discharged for fighting, and the entire system of the road was tied up. The company offered to submit the question to the arbitration of the Mayor, but this was not agreed to.

The company ran sixteen cars this morning but this afternoon some of the strikers lay a car driven by a "sub," smashed up the car and beat the conductor severely which the company stopped running its cars.

**East Side Cafe Waiters Form a Union.**

The waiters in the East Side cafes and halls held a meeting yesterday and formed the East Side Waiters' Union. Henry Kleinman was elected Secretary and Joseph Busch walking delegate. These waiters say that they have been receiving about 75 cents a day. The union wages have been fixed at \$2 a day for ten hours.

**The Largest Dredge Ever Built.**

NEWBURGH, Oct. 26.—Thomas S. Marvel & Co. of this city are putting the finishing touches on the largest dredge ever built. It has been constructed for the Osgood Dredging Company of Albany. It is made entirely of steel. Its buckets are 20 feet in diameter and will dig to a depth of forty-five feet. It is named Onondaga, and when fully completed it will go to Bay Ridge to deepen the channel there.

**MARRIED.**

ALDRICH—PURSER—At Yorkers, on Thursday evening, Oct. 24, 1901, by the Rev. James E. Freeman, George Thompson Aldrich to Charlotte Purcell Purser, daughter of the late George H. and Priscilla S. Purser.

**DIED.**

BAKER—On Friday, Oct. 25, 1901, Clara Louise, daughter of DeWitt C. and Alice R. Baker. Funeral services at her late residence, 281 West 101st st., on Sunday, Oct. 27, 1901, at 8 P. M. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery at convenience of the family. Buffalo and Cincinnati papers please copy.

BLAKE—At Derby, Conn., at his home, on Saturday, Oct. 26, 1901, Rufus Warren Blake. Funeral services will be held at his late residence on Sunday, Oct. 28, 1901, at 2 o'clock.

HART—On Thursday, Oct. 24, 1901, after a short illness, James M. Hart, N. A., in his 74th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 94 1st St., Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon, Oct. 27, 1901, at 2 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

HARWOOD—At New Haven, Conn., at her residence, 435 Temple st., Marion Eckford DeKay, wife of the Rev. Dr. Edwin Harwood, pastor emeritus of Trinity Church, New Haven, Conn., and daughter of the late James E. DeKay, M. D.

Funeral services will be held at Trinity Church, New Haven, Conn., on Monday afternoon, Oct. 28, 1901, at 3 o'clock, and the burial will take place at Hempstead, L. I., on arrival of train leaving 30th st., New York, at 10:30 A. M.

LUDLOW—On Friday, Oct. 25, 1901, at 211 West 44th st., Sara, widow of William D. Ludlow. Funeral services at the Washington Square Methodist Episcopal Church, 4th st., east of 5th st., on Sunday, Oct. 27, 1901, at 4 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

PICK—At Flushing, L. I., on Saturday, Oct. 26, 1901, Anna L., widow of the late J. Miller Pick. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at the residence of her son-in-law, Frank A. Collins, 127 Ave. A, Flushing, on Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1901, at 2:30 P. M. Train leaves Long Island City for Murray Hill station at 2 P. M.

WALTON—At South Orange, N. J., on Friday, Oct. 25, 1901, Anna C., widow of Isaac M. Walton, in the 61st year of her age. Funeral from the First Presbyterian Church, South Orange av., South Orange, N. J., on Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1901, at 1 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

**Religious Notices.**

PRISON SUNDAY will be observed by a meeting under the auspices of The Prison Association of New York City, to be held Sunday evening, Oct. 28, at the Collectate Church, West End av. and 77th st., at 8 P. M. Addresses will be made by Charles T. Lewis, LL. D., President of the Prison Association, by Alexander H. Hadden and by the Rev. Samuel J. Barrows. The public are cordially invited.

**A. Jaekel & Co.**

FURRIERS AND IMPORTERS.

Headquarters for Imperial Russian

Crown Sables

Persian Lamb

and Broadtail

Coats, cut in our own special styles, have the stamp of originality and "snap" necessary to a stylish fur garment.

For those desiring coats made to measure, a large assortment of choices skins are always on hand.

37 UNION SQUARE.

Between 16th & 17th Sts.

THE ANGELUS

THE ANITA WATSON CO.

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# The Women's Campaign Committee

to place this issue before every voter in this city.

## THE ISSUE

Tammany Hall is using its control of the city government to encourage the Business of ruining young girls for gain. Will you continue it in power?

The Women of this city DEMAND that their Fathers, Brothers and Sons vote against this monstrous abuse of power or else accept the responsibility for the condition which has brought disgrace upon New York.

Read the proof in FACTS FOR NEW YORK PARENTS, copy of which may be obtained at any Anti-Tammany Headquarters in Greater New York.

Those who believe in clean morals and clean streets may contribute to secure both by sending money in any sums from ten cents upward (in stamps if necessary) to Mrs. George E. Waring, 165 West 82nd Street, to be used in this campaign.

Contributions may also be sent to V. EVERIT MACY, Treasurer Women's Campaign Committee, 19 West 34th Street.

Mrs. GEORGE E. WARING, Jr.,  
Mrs. ROBERT ABBE,  
Mrs. ALMON GOODWIN,  
Mrs. JAMES W. PRYOR.

Finance Committee  
of the  
Women's Campaign  
Committee.